# United States Naval Postgraduate School



# THESIS

THE EFFECT OF ERROR NON-NORMALITY ON THE POWER OF PARAMETRIC AND NON-PARAMETRIC ANOV TESTS

by

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September 1971

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Data is simulated using the 12 cell factorial ANOV modes with three levels of factor A, four levels of factor B, and six observations per cell. Interaction is characterized such that its effect is proportional to the effect of factor A with the constant of proportionality related to factor B. Non-normality of the error term is characterized in three distribution types: skewed, leptokurtic (praked), and platykurtic (flat). Four degrees of the three error distribution types are utilized, each related to the Pearson lamily of frequency curves.

Three thousand-seven hundred sets of data are generated for each degree of error type. Power is then estimated directly for both the ANOV F tests and Wilson Chi-square tests for main effects and interaction. Couparison is then made between corresponding tests showing the effect of error non-normality on the power of each.

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The Effect of Error Non-normality
on the Power of Parametric and Non-parametric ANOV Tests

by

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# **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of this thesis is to determine the power relationship, through computer simulation, between the parametric ANOV and non-parametric Wilson tests under controlled conditions of error non-normality.

Data is simulated using the 12 cell factorial ANOV model with three levels of factor A, four levels of factor B, and six observations per cell. Interaction is characterized such that its effect is proportional to the effect of factor A with the constant of proportionality related to factor B. Non-normality of the error term is characterized in three distribution types: skewed, leptokurtic (peaked), and platykurtic (flat). Four degrees of the three error distribution types are utilized, each related to the Pearson family of frequency curves.

Three thousand-seven hundred sets of data are generated for each degree of error type. Power is then estimated directly for both the ANOV F tests and Wilson Chi-square tests for main effects and interaction. Comparison is then made between corresponding tests showing the effect of error non-normality on the power of each.

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# I. INTRODUCTION

# A. PEARSON'S STUDY OF NON-NORMAL VARIATION

The normality of error assumption is a well known requirement when using Analysis of Variance (ANOV) techniques. It has been shown, however, that this requirement is not stringent when only type I error is the point of concern. The literature does suggest that error normality is a requirement relative to type II error and correct determination of power of the test.

Pearson [1] studied error non-normality for a case involving the one way ANOV classification. His study was based on the distribution of the correlation ratio  $\eta^2$  which, as used, was equivalent to the F statistic. Six error distributions were chosen with non-normality of error characterized by Pearson coefficients  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2^{-1}$  and by Pearson curve type<sup>2</sup>. Those chosen were:

 $\beta_1 = 0.0 \quad \beta_2 = 2.50$  (Type II, symmetrical platykurtic),

 $\beta_1 = 0.0 \quad \beta_2 = 4.10$  (Type VII, symmetrical reptokurtic),

 $\beta_1 = 0.0$   $\beta_2 = 7.05$  (Type VII, symmetrical leptokurtic),

 $\beta_1 = 0.2$   $\beta_2 = 3.3$  (Type III, skew),

 $\beta_1 = 0.49 \beta_2 = 3.72$  (Type III, skew),

 $\beta_1 = 0.99 \beta_2 = 3.83$  (Type I, very skew with abrupt start).

Pearson concluded that the distribution of n2, and therefore

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Reference 2 defines these coefficients as  $\beta_1 = \mu_3^3/\mu_2^3$ ,  $\beta_2 = \mu_1^4/\mu_2^2$ , where  $\mu_1$  represents the ith central moment.

Reference 3 transforms the 13 curve types of Reference 2 into probability density functions.

of F, within the range of the above six distributions adequately met the "normality of error" requirement for Analysis of Variance. He further concluded that within this range there would be little chance of rejecting a true null hypothesis because of non-normality, but that in the extreme cases of non-normal variation there would always be a danger of accepting a false null hypothesis. Thus, Pearson suggested that extreme cases of error non-normality may result in a reduction of power in the F test. He thereby raised the question as to how error non normality would affect the F test power for a particular ANOV design.

Kirk [4], citing the above study by Pearson (1931) and a study by Norton as reported by Lindquist [5], extended Pearson's conclusion relating to type I error to all fixed effects ANOV models utilizing the F distribution. Kirk held that, in general, unless the departure from normality is so extreme that it can be readily detected by visual inspection of the data, the departure will have little effect on the probability associated with the test of significance (type I error). However, Kirk made no reference to the effect of non-normality on the power of the test.

# B. A NON-PARAMETRIC ANGV TEST

The problem of meeting the error normality assumption for using the parametric ANOV F tests is avoided by choosing a non-parametric test. A search of the literature was made to find such a test which included a non-parametric method for testing interactions in the ANCV model. Wilson [6]

developed such a test, based on the Chi-square distribution, for testing hypothesis in two-way, three-way, up to n-way ANOV designs. The test procedure, applicable only to fixed effects models, involves classifying the scores in each cell as above or below the overall median and using the fact that a total Chi-square, like a sum of squares, can be decomposed into additive parts. A new set of formulas are introduced for working with factorial designs in Chi-square terms. A description of the test including the Chi-square formulas is contained in Appendix A.

Sheffield [7] showed how the Wilson test could be converted to a conventional ANOV procedure, who reby the Wilson Chi-square formulation could be replaced with "non-parametric F" tests.

McNemar [8] contrasted the outcomes of the Wilson test and the parametric F test on seven batches of data, each involving two-way classification. Based on 21 comparisons (A, B, and AxB effects) he suggested that the power of the Wilson tests was lower than what could be reasonably expected. However, McNemar failed to determine what constituted "reasonable" pewer for the Wilson test. In addition, he based his conclusions on a small sample which he admittedly assumed met the parametric ANOV requirements of normality and homoscadacity. To the author's knowledge, the literature does not report any other attempt to obtain an indication of power for the Wilson Chi-square tests.

#### C. TYPE OF INTERACTION

Williams [9] studied the problem of interpreting the effects of different factors when those effects are not additive. He pointed out that attention must be paid to the way in which the factors interact. He suggested that a resonable assumption, in the two factor case, was to consider that the interaction effect was proportional to the effect of one factor with the constant of proportionality related to the second factor (i.e.,  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = \alpha_i c_j$ ). Williams raised the question as to the effect of the type of interaction on power of the tests for hypotheses concerning main effects as well as interaction in the factorial ANOV design.

# D. POWER OF THE TEST

Power of the test is defined as the probability of rejecting a false null hypothesis. Power functions have been developed for parametric tests, since these tests are based on assumed known distributions. Power curves for parametric ANOV tests are contained in the Appendix to Reference 10. One of the arguments for entering these curves is  $\phi$ , a function of the factor non-centrality parameter and error variance. Formulas for obtaining the argument  $\phi$  for ANOV designs involving interaction are contained in Reference 11.

Siegel [12] proposed that the power of non-parametric tests can be expressed by comparison with the most powerful existing parametric test that is used for the same purpose since no power functions exist for the "distribution-free" non-parametric tests. Siegel pointed out that the more

general the non-parametric test (the fewer the assumptions) the less powerful the test will be in comparison with a parametric test involving the same sample size. He further stated that the F test, because of its strong assumptions, is the most powerful test of its type. Siegel called his power comparison concept "power efficiency." It is a function of the increase in sample size of the non-parametric test over that of the parametric test which is necessary to make the two tests equally powerful.

Theoretically, the power of a statistical test, parametric or non-parametric, can also be estimated empirically through computer simulation. A simulation model for a particular ANOV design can be constructed and data generated so that the desired factor and interaction effects are present in the data. The null hypothesis, that the "built-in" effect is not present, is then tested at a desired level of significance. Power at the desired level of significance is measured by taking the ratio of the number of times the false null hypothesis is rejected over the number of times the test is conducted.

# E. PURPOSE OF THESIS

The purpose of this thesis is to develop a computer simulation model for obtaining a power comparison between the parametric ANOV F tests and the non-parametric Wilson Chi-square tests under varying conditions of unimodal error non-normality. It is envisaged that the general method will be applicable in determining the power of other non-parametric tests.

# II. METHOD

# A. ANOV DESIGN AND GENERAL PLAN

A 3x4 ANOV design with six replications per cell was chosen because of its general nature and because it was desired to compare interaction detection capabilities of the Wilson and F tests, as well as that of main effects. The method developed is presented in five parts: characterizing error, characterizing interaction, the data simulation model, the computer program, and determination of test replications for desired confidence.

# B. CHARACTERIZING ERROR

Only unimodal error was considered. Error was characterized as skewed, leptokurtic, and platykurtic. Four degrees of each type were considered, from violent to almost normal. The degenerate case for each error distribution type was the normal error distribution and this was considered as a fifth degree. Each degree was identified by Pearson coefficients  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$ . For continuity with Pearson's work, some degrees were chosen identical to the error distributions studied in Reference 1. All error distributions were selected with a mean of 0 and a variance of 4.

#### C. CHARACTERIZING INTERACTION

Interaction was characterized as follows:

$$(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = \alpha_i c_j \qquad \qquad i=1,\cdots,3 \\ j=1,\cdots,4 \qquad \qquad (1)$$

where  $c_j$ 's were constants, evenly spaced, increasing and  $\sum_j c_j = 0$ . (Note that the "evenly spaced" and "increasing" features are not required.) This characterization resulted in the interaction effect,  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ , being proportional to the effect of factor A,  $\alpha_i$ , and increasing with each level of factor B.

# D. THE DATA SIMULATION MODEL

# 1. The Mathematical Model

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + z_{ijk}$$
 (2)

where

$$i = 1, \dots, 3; j = 1, \dots, 4; k = 1, \dots, 6.$$

 $z_{ijk}$  represents the error which under the ANOV assumption is distributed  $N(0,\sigma^2)$ . It was the distribution of this error term that was changed from normality, but with a constant variance of  $\sigma^2 = 4$ , in order to determine the effect of nonnormality on the Wilson and F tests. The development of equation (2) into the twelve cell models shown below is contained in Appendix B.

Model for cell one:

$$Y_{11k} = \mu + \alpha_1 + \beta_1 + (\alpha\beta)_{11} + z_{11k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (3)

Model for cell two:

$$Y_{12k} = \mu + \alpha_1 + \beta_2 + (\alpha\beta)_{12} + z_{12k}$$
  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (4)

Model for cell three:

$$Y_{13k} = \mu + \alpha_1 + \beta_3 + (\alpha\beta)_{13} + z_{13k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (5)

Model for cell four:

$$Y_{14k} = \mu + \alpha_1 - \beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 - (\alpha\beta)_{11} - (\alpha\beta)_{12}$$

$$- (\alpha\beta)_{13} + z_{14k}$$

 $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (6)

Model for cell five:

$$Y_{21k} = \mu + \alpha_2 + \beta_1 + (\alpha\beta)_{21} + z_{21k}$$
  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (7)

Model for cell six:

Model for cell seven:

$$Y_{23k} = \mu + \alpha_2 + \beta_3 + (\alpha\beta)_{23} + z_{23k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (9)

Model for cell eight:

$$Y_{24k} = \mu + \alpha_2 - \beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 - (\alpha\beta)_{21} - (\alpha\beta)_{22}$$

$$- (\alpha\beta)_{23} + z_{24k} \qquad k=1, \dots, 6. \quad (10)$$

Model for cell nine:

$$Y_{31k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \beta_1 - (\alpha\beta)_{11} - (\alpha\beta)_{21}$$

$$^{+}$$
 z<sub>31k</sub>  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (11)

Model for cell ten:

$$Y_{32k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \beta_2 - (\alpha\beta)_{12} - (\alpha\beta)_{22}$$

$$+ z_{32k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (12)

Model for cell eleven:

$$Y_{33k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \beta_3 - (\alpha\beta)_{13} - (\alpha\beta)_{23}$$

$$^{+}$$
  $^{2}$  33k  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (13)

Model for cell twelve:

$$Y_{34k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 - \beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 + (\alpha\beta)_{11} + (\alpha\beta)_{12} + (\alpha\beta)_{13} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} + (\alpha\beta)_{22} + (\alpha\beta)_{23} + z_{34k}$$

$$k=1,\cdots,6. \quad (14)$$

Procedures for generating error variates  $z_{ijk}$  and for determining the parameter values  $\alpha_1$ ,  $\alpha_2$ , ...,  $(\alpha\beta)_{23}$  are given below. It may be noted that several of the parameters of equation (2) have dropped out of the twelve cell models as explained in Appendix B.

# 2. Generation of Error, z<sub>ijk</sub>

# a. Normal Error Distribution

Normal error variates, with mean of 0 and variance of 4, were generated by using the central limit approach contained in Reference 13. A normal variate z was made by applying the following simulation formula:

$$z = \sigma_z \left(\frac{12}{k}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{k} \left(r_i - \frac{k}{2}\right) + \mu_z \tag{15}$$

where:

 $\mu_z$  = desired mean of the normal error variate (here=0),

 $\sigma_z$  = desired standard deviation of the normal error variate (here=2),

r = a Uniform (0,1) random number, and

k = number of random variates desired for approximating a normal variate by the central limit approach. A value of k=12 was chosen for convenience which reduced (15) to

$$z = \sigma_z \left( \sum_{i=1}^{12} r_i - 6.0 \right).$$
 (16)

# b. Skewed Error Distribution

The most violent degree of skewed error was an exponential distribution and was generated using the exponential generator shown in Reference 13. Advantage was taken of the fact that

$$r = \exp \left(-\frac{1}{\mu_z}z\right) ,$$

and

$$z = - \mu_z \log r, \qquad (17)$$

where z in this case is an exponential variate with desired mean of  $\mu_z$  and desired variance of  $\sigma_z^2 - \mu_z^2 = 4$ . The variate z was then transformed by the below formula to obtain a mean of  $\theta$ .

$$z^{\dagger} = z - \mu_z$$
.

The other three degrees of skewed error were generated with the gamma (erlang) generator of Reference 13. The simulation formula was developed from the probability density function (pdf)

$$f(z) = \frac{\alpha^k z^{(k-1)} e^{\alpha z}}{(k-1)!}$$
 (18)

where  $\alpha > 0$ , k is a positive integer, and z is a non-negative erlang variate. Here

$$\alpha = \frac{\mu_z}{\sigma_z^2}$$

and

$$k = \frac{\mu_z^2}{\sigma_z^2}.$$

Erlang variates were made by taking the sum of k exponential variates,

$$z = -\frac{1}{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{k} \log r_i,$$

which is equivalent to

$$z = -\frac{1}{\alpha} \left( \log \prod_{i=1}^{k} r_i \right). \tag{19}$$

Since  $\mu_z$  had to be greater than 0 in the simulation equation (19), the below transformation was used to transform the variate so that the resulting error distribution had a mean of 0.

$$\mathbf{z}' = \mathbf{z} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{\mathbf{z}}. \tag{20}$$

The three combinations of  $\alpha$  and k chosen to generate the three levels of erlang variates with mean 0 and variance 4 were:

$$\frac{\alpha}{2.0}$$
  $\frac{k}{16}$   $\frac{1.0}{\sqrt{2}/2}$   $\frac{4}{2}$ .

# c. Leptokurtic Error Distribution

The four degrees of leptokurtic error were generated by sampling from an empirical cumulative distribution function (cdf). The below pdf equation for a type VII

Pearson curve (leptokurtic) was obtained from Reference 3.

$$y = y_0 \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}\right)^{-m}$$
 (21)

where

$$m = \frac{5\beta_2 - 9}{2(\beta_2 - 3)} ,$$

$$a^2 = \frac{2\mu_2\beta_2}{\beta_2-3}$$
 and  $\mu_2$  = desired variance = 4,

$$y_0 = \frac{N}{a\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(m)}{\Gamma(m^{-\frac{1}{2}})}$$
 and  $N =$  number of desired variates in the distribution

and

x = abscissa index value for the associated ordinate density value, y.

One hundred index values from -12.0 to + 12.0, six standard deviations, were used in making an empirical pdf by computer simulation. A routine was incorporated into the program that calculated the mean, variance, unbiased estimates  $\hat{\beta}_1$  and  $\hat{\beta}_2$ , and frequencies at the 100 index points (i.e., histogram frequencies). This was done to insure that the error generated was accurate. The pdf was converted to a cdf by successively summing the pdf values along the same horizontal axis (-12.0 to +12.0). A Uniform (0,1) random number was then generated and used to sample from the empirical cdf. A binary search technique was incorporated in the computer program at this "sampling" stage to reduce computer time. The error variate was determined by interpolating between the two index points on the horizontal axis which bracketed the

probability value from the cdf that corresponded to the sampling random number.

# d. Platykurtic Error Distribution

The four degrees of platykurtic error were generated by a similar empirical cdf sampling method. The pdf equation determined from Reference 3 for a type II curve was:

where
$$y = y_0 \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}\right)^m$$

$$m = \frac{5\beta_2 - 9}{2(3-\beta_2)},$$

$$a^2 = \frac{2\mu_2}{3-\beta_2} \frac{\beta_2}{\beta_2}, \text{ and}$$

$$y_0 = \frac{N}{a\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(m^{\frac{1}{2}})}{\Gamma(m+1)}.$$

A similar routine for calculating mean, variance,  $\hat{\beta}_1$ ,  $\hat{\beta}_2$ , and histogram frequencies was also included in the computer program for platykurtic error (and also for skewed and normal error) to insure that the results were as desired. Selected computer programs are attached following the appendices to this thesis. Smooth histogram curves for the degrees of each error type are shown in Appendix C.

# 3. Model Parameter Values

The Wilson test was the first claimed distribution free method for testing interactions in the ANOV model. Therefore, determining the power of such an interaction test was a primary consideration. It was desired to chose parameters for the 3x4 model (equations (3) through (14)) which would

guarantee that the power of the parametric F test for interaction would be in a sensitive range on the ANOV power curve. After studying the appropriate power curve, shown in Appendix D, a desired interaction test power of .67 was chosen. This gave a \$\phi\$ (curve argument) value of 1.3. Working backwards from this, subject to the conditions given in Appendix B and the chosen interaction characterization, the below parameter values were determined for equations (3) through (14). See Appendix D for development and computations.

100.00 -1.03 α α, 0.28 -1.03 β, 82 -1.03**B**<sub>3</sub> 1.03 (aß)<sub>11</sub> 1.4832  $(\alpha\beta)_{12}$ 0.4944  $(\alpha\beta)_{13}$ 0.4944 (αβ)<sub>21</sub> -0.4032 (aB) 22 -0.1344 (aB) 23 0.1344.

# E. THE COMPUTER PROGRAM

The generation of error variates was incorporated into the main computer program. A different "package" was written for each degree of each error distribution type. Six different

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replication of error variates were then applied in each of the 12 cell models to produce 72 observations for testing by the parametric ANOV F tests and the Wilson Chi-square tests.

Separate subroutines were written for the parametric ANOV and Wilson tests. F and Chi-square statistic values were computed for main and interaction effects.

In the main program these computed values were compared to the threshold values from the F and Chi-square tables at the 5 per cent level of significance. If the calculated F or Chi-square value was greater than or equal to the threshold value, the false null hypothesis was rejected and "counted." The total count was then divided by the number of times the test was conducted to obtain the power of the test.

Flow charts of the main program, subroutine ANOV, and subroutine Wilson are shown in Appendix E.

# F. DETERMINATION OF TEST REPLICATIONS FOR DESIRED CONFIDENCE

Stein (1945) showed how a sequential sampling procedure could be used for establishing a confidence interval of fixed length e for estimating the mean  $\mu$  having a confidence coefficient  $\geq 1-\alpha$ .

This procedure was used to establish the number of test replications (N) necessary to obtain at least 95 per cent confidence of being within  $\pm 0.02$  (e = 0.04) in determining power of the test for the three F tests and three Chi-square tests.

Stein's theorem and proof are contained in Reference 14. Application of the theorem to obtain N is shown in Appendix F. The computer program utilized is attached following the appendices. The result was N=3700. This was the maximum of the replications required for the six tests. The deciding test was the Wilson Chi-square test for the A (row) effect.

# III. VALIDATION

# A. DETERMINATION OF THEORETICAL POWER, ANOV TESTS

As stated above, a desired power of 0.67 for the ANOV interaction test was used in determining the simulation model parameters. Using the below equations from Reference 11,

$$\phi_{A}^{2} = \frac{nc}{\frac{i}{2}} \frac{r}{\sigma^{2}r} \quad \text{and} \quad (23)$$

$$\phi_B^2 = \frac{\text{nr } j = 1 \quad \beta_j^2}{\sigma^2 c} , \qquad (24)$$

and substituting applicable parameter values, theoretical powers for the testing the A and B main effects by ANOV F tests were found to be 0.31 and 0.96 respectively.  $\phi$  calculations and the applicable ANOV power curves are contained in Appendix G.

# B. ANOV POWER SIMULATION RESULTS, N(0,4) ERROR

Three thousand-seven hundred data cases with N(0,4) error and the predetermined model parameters were tested with the ANOV subroutine. Power was co puted and compared with theoretical power.

EFFECT	. A	В	AxB
Theoretical W/N(0,4) Error	0.81	0.96	0.67
Simulated W/ N(0,4) Error	0.808	0.960	0.665

# C. ACCURACY CHECK OF WILSON SUBROUTINE

One hundred data cases with N(0,4) error and predetermined model parameters were tested with the WILSON subroutine. Printout was made on median calculation, contingency table, and Chi-square values (total, A, B, AxB). Five of the cases were then selected at random and the same values were calculated by hand. Results were exactly the same.

# D. SIMULATION OF LEVELS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Parameters of the simulation model, other than the overall mean, were set equal to zero. Then 3700 data sets were produced with N(0,4) error and tests conducted with the ANOV and WILSON subroutines. Based on this sample size the true level of significance was estimated within plus or minus 0.02 with 95 per cent confidence. That is, by choosing F and Chi-square threshold values for rejection at the 5 and 10 per cent significance level, the chance percentage of rejections should have been equivalent, within the criteria, to 0.05 and 0.10 for each of the ANOV F and Wilson Chi-square tests. Results were:

	5 PER	CENT REJECTION	THRESHOLD
EFFECTS	A	В	AxB
ANOV F	.0565	.0535	.0508
WILSON X2	.0586	.0486	.0411
	10 PER	CENT REJECTION	THRESHOLD
EFFECTS	A	B	AxB
ANOV F	.1051	.1089	.0995
MILSON X2	.0754	.0884	.0954

# IV. RESULTS

Three thousand-seven hundred data cases for each of the four degrees of skewed, leptokurtic, and platykurtic error were tested with the ANOV and WILSON subroutines. Results are given below in three tables. Each table gives the power of the test for the three effects hypotheses with a particular type error. Pearson coefficients are shown for reference, as well as the actual means and variances of the error distributions generated. The last column of each table gives the power of the test with N(0,4) error for convenience of comparison. Error degrees shown correspond to the curves of Appendix C.

# ERROR DEGREES

	1	2	3	4	. 5
SKEWED	β <sub>1</sub> =3.97	β <sub>1</sub> =1.95	β <sub>1</sub> =0.99	β <sub>1</sub> =0.26	β <sub>1</sub> =0.00
ERROR	$\beta_2 = 9.03$	β <sub>2</sub> =5.96	β <sub>2</sub> =4.57	$\beta_2 = 3.47$	$\beta_2 = 2.95$
DIST'N	(RCGXA)				(NORMAL)
COMPUTED DIST'N MEAN	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
COMPUTED DIST'N VARIANCE	3.97	3.98	5.98	3.97	3.98
$H_0:  \Sigma  \alpha_1^2 = 0$	······································		-		
$H_A: \Sigma \alpha_i^2 \neq 0$					
POWER ANOV	0.82	0.81	0.82	0.82	0.81
POWER WILSON	0.74	0.64	0.58	0.51	0.47
$H_0:  \Sigma  \beta_j^2 = 0$				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
$H_A: \Sigma \beta_j^2 \neq 0$					
POWER ANOV	0.95	0.95	0.96	0.96	0.96
POWER WILSON	0.97	0.91	0.85	0.78	0.74
$H_0: \Sigma\Sigma (\alpha\beta)_{ij} =$	0				
$H_{\Lambda}$ : $\Sigma\Sigma$ $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} \neq$	0				
POWER ANOV	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.66	0.66
POWER WILSON	0.36	0.30	0,27	0.25	0.25
					··

# ERROR DEGREES

			MICH DECK		
	1	2	3	4	5
LEPTOKURTIC	β <sub>1</sub> =0.00	β <sub>1</sub> =0.00	$\beta_1 = 0.00$	β <sub>1</sub> =0.00	β <sub>1</sub> =0.00
ERROR	β <sub>2</sub> =20.00	β <sub>2</sub> =7.05	$\beta_2 = 4.10$	$\beta_2 = 3.40$	$\beta_2 = 2.95$
DIST'N					(NORMAL)
COMPUTED DIST'N MEAN	-0.10	-0.11	-0.12	-0.12	ე.00
COMPUTED DIST'N VARIANCE	3.86	3.93	3.96	3.97	3.98
$H_0: \Sigma \alpha_i^2 = 0$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· <u>·</u>
$H_A: \Sigma \alpha_i^2 \neq 0$					
POWER ANOV	0.82	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81
POWER WILSON	0.56	0.53	0.50	0.48	0.47
$H_0: \Sigma \beta_i^2 = 0$	Agent ( ) A Committee of the state of the st		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		tar armatema asympto = 1 store differentiable
$H_A: \Sigma \beta_j^2 \neq 0$					
POWER ANOV	0.96	0.95	0 96	0.96	0.96
POWER WILSON	0.86	0.82	0.78	0.75	0.74
$H_0: \Sigma\Sigma (\alpha\beta)_{ii} = 0$	,				
$H_{A}: \Sigma\Sigma (\alpha\beta)_{ij} \neq 0$					
POWER ANOV	0.68	0.67	0.66	0.66	0.66
POWER WILSON	6.30	0.29	0.26	0.25	0.25

# ERROR DEGREES

	1	2	3	4	5
PLATYKURTIC	β <sub>1</sub> =0.00				
ERROR	$\beta_2 = 1.80$	$\beta_2 = 2.00$	$\beta_2 = 2.25$	$\beta_2 = 2.50$	$\beta_2=2.95$
DIST'N	(UNIFORM	)			(NORMAL)
COMPUTED DIST'N MEAN	0.00	-0.03	-0.05	-0.06	0.00
COMPUTED DIST'N VARIANCE	3.97	3.97	3.97	3.97	3.98
$H_0:  \Sigma  \alpha_i^2 = C$					
$H_A: \Sigma \alpha_i^2 \neq 0$					
POWER AMOV	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.82	0.81
POWER WILSON	0.37	0.40	0.42	0.44	0.47
$H_0: \Sigma \beta_j^2 = 0$					
$H_A: \Sigma \beta_j^2 \neq 0$					
POWER ANOV	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
POWER WILSON	0.55	0.60	0.65	0.68	0.74
$H_o: \Sigma\Sigma (\alpha\beta)_{ij} =$	0				
$H_A$ : $\Sigma\Sigma$ $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} \neq$					
POWER ANOV	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.66
POWER WILSON	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.23	0.25

# V. ANALYSIS AND INTEPPRETATION OF RESULTS

# A. HYPOTHESIS TEST POWER CURVES

Figures 1, 2, and 3, which are attached following this section, compare the power of the ANOV F and Wilson Chi-square tests by the null hypothesis being tested. Each figure contains three sets of curves, one for each error distribution type. The horizontal argument of "error degree" corresponds to the degree of non-normal error distribution type shown in the distribution curves of Appendix C.

# B. ANOV F TESTS

Figures 1 through 3 show that for a 3x4 factorial with interaction and 6 observations per cell the power of the F test for main effects and interaction effects hypotheses are unaffected by the three types of error non-normality. The range of power change from the estimated power with normal error is only - 0.01 to + 0.02 over all three hypotheses. It appears that there should be no concern relative to degradation of the power of the F test because of error non-normality, even in extreme cases, as long as the data is unimodal.

# C. WILSON CHI-SQUARE TESTS

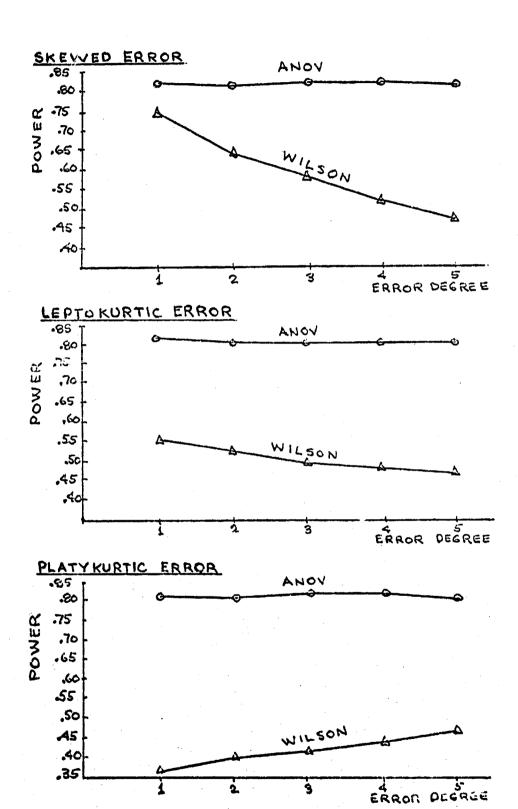
The below curves indicate that the Wilson Chi-square tests are not "distribution free" as claimed. The power of the tests for main effects and interaction effects are sensitive to the shape of the error distribution.

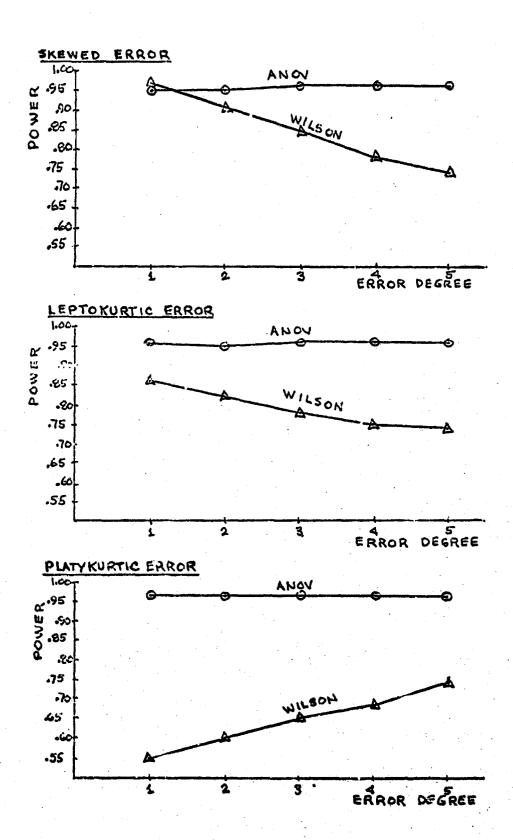
The normal error power estimate for the Wilson A effect test was 0.47. Non-normal error ir that the test resulted

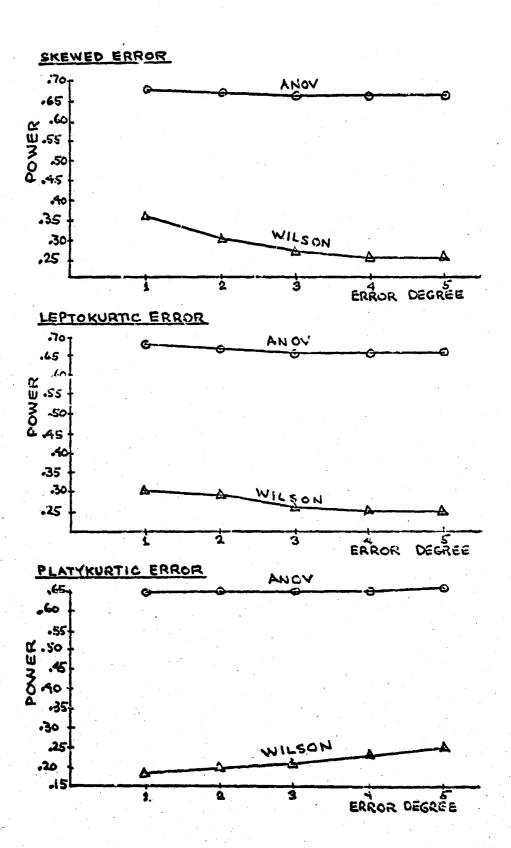
in a range of power change of -0.10 (violent platykurtic) to +0.27 (violent skewed) from the normal value. For the B effect test the range of power change from the normal error estimate of 0.74 was -0.19 (violent platykurtic) to +0.23 (violent skewed). For the AxB effect test the range of power change from a norm of 0.25 was -0.07 to +0.11, with the same error type extremes as before.

In general as expected the power of the Wilson Chi-square tests were lower than the power of the comparable F tests. When the error distribution was N(0,4) for both, the power of the Chi-square test for A effect was 58 per cent of the power of the comparable F test, the power of the Chi-square test for B effect was 77 per cent of the power of the F test, and the power of the Chi-square test for AxB effect was 38 per cent of that of the F test. However, there was one case where the power of the Chi-square test was higher than that of the F test (0.97 versus 0.35 in the test for B effect under the condition of violent skewed error).

The error effect trend for a particular error type was consistent over the three hypotheses tested. Note the similarity in shape, for example, of the skewed error Wilson power curve in Figures 1 through 3. The rate of change in power with respect to error degree (as error varied from normality) was, however, significantly less for the Chisquest test for interaction under the three error types than it was in the Chi-square tests for both main effects under equivalent error types.







# VI. DISCUSSION

#### A. WILSON TEST SHAPE SENSITIVITY

It is apparent from Figures 1 through 3 that the distributions of the Wilson Chi-square test statistics under the alternate hypotheses are sensitive to the shape of the error distribution. The question arises as to whether the distributions of these statistics under the null hypotheses are also sensitive to the shape of the error distribution; that is, whether the type I error (alpha) is changing with each degree of error distribution.

To investigate this, level of significance estimates were made under the four degrees of skewed error distribution by determining power with the model coefficients set equal to zero and Chi-square threshold values set for alpha = 0.05. Results were obtained and compared to level of significance results with N(0,4) error.

	<u>¥</u>	$\underline{\mathbf{B}}$	AxB
WILSON SKEW #1	.0624	.0524	.0489
WILSON SKEW #2	.0659	.0530	.0432
WILSON SKEW #3	.0659	.0530	.0432
WILSON SKEW #4	.0649	.0524	.0454
WILSON N(0,4)	.0586	.0486	.0411

Although the true levels of significance were slightly higher under the skewed error, they were higher by approximately the same amount in all cases. On this basis it is concluded that

the distributions of the Wil: n Chi-square statics are only sensitive to the error distribution under the alternate hypotheses.

Since the test as proposed by Wilson uses the Chi-square as the approximate distribution of the test statistics it is evident that this approximation does hold under the null hypothesis (at least in the right hand tail of the distribution) but that the degree of approximation of the non-central Chi-square under the alternate hypothesis is sensitive to changes in the error distribution. Sawrey [15] has labeled such tests as "semi-nonparametric."

# B. USE OF THE WILSON TEST

The above should not be interpreted to mean that the Wilson test is invalid and should be avoided. It is obviously inferious to the ANOV F test and should not be chosen when the data permits utilization of the parametric ANOV. However, the Wilson test, to the author's knowledge, is the simplest of only two procedures applicable to testing for interaction when the data is qualitative and measurements have been obtained only on an ordinal scale (see Mood [16] for the other). It should be used in such cases with the realization that its accuracy depends upon the shape of the underlying error distribution. After histogramming the data, the results of this paper may be used to provide general insight relative to the question of what power to expect. Pertinent power estimates for a particular design may be obtained by employing the computer simulation method presented herein,

provided that the error distribution (unimodal) can be identified from the data and the type interaction can be characterized. Twenty-eight and one half minutes on an IBM 360 computer were required on the average in this study for obtaining power estimates for the normal case and one nonnormal error distribution.

### C. AREAS FOR FURTHER STUDY

### 1. Power Efficiency

A typical question facing a prospective user of the Wilson test is that of how many replications are necessary with a particular desirate attain a desired power, given a particular error distribution based on preliminary sampling. This is a problem in estimating power efficiency for the Wilson test and is a natural extension of this study. The same simulation model could be used.

### 2. Different Type of Interaction

The present research could be extended to include other characterizations of interaction. In the course of this study the author at one stage characterized interaction by  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = \alpha_i c_{ij} + b_j$ . Incomplete results, based on only 200 batches of data, indicated that the estimated power for the F tests was the same as that for the characterization stated herein (i.e.,  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = \alpha_i c_j$ ), but that the estimated power for the Wilson Chi-square tests was considerably different from that under the present characterization.

# 3. Effect of Homoscadacity on Power

It is believed that a computer simulation method, similar to the one used here relative to non-normality, could

be used to study the effect on power of the parametric ANOV requirement of homoscadacity. Error distributions could be generated with different degrees of error variance, data tested by the ANOV and WILSON subroutines, and the results analyzed.

# 4. Semi-Nonparametric Tests

Another research area recommended is that of "semi-nonparametric" tests. An appropriate thesis might consist of extracting all such tests from the literature and then showing why they are semi-nonparametric with resulting implications. Reference 15 would be a good starting point for such a thesis.

# 5. Effect of Sample Size on Non-normality Effect

A final extension of this study might be to analyze the effect of sample size (replications per cell) on the power of the ANOV F and Wilson Chi-square tests under the same conditions of error non-normality. Would a doubling or tripling of sample size tend to flatten out the Wilson power curves shown in Figures 1, 2, and 3 of Section V or would they just be shifted upwards? Would the ANOV F tests still be unaffected by error non-normality if the sample size were only two replications per cell?

### VII. SUMMARY

A complete simulation method has been presented for estimating power for both parametric ANOV tests and Wilson non-parametric ANOV tests. A 3x4 ANOV simulation model was used with six replications per cell. Interaction was characterized by  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = \alpha_i c_j$  with  $c_i$ 's constant, increasing, evenly spaced, and  $\sum_{i} c_{i} = 0$ . Error non-normality was characterized in four degrees of three unimodal error distribution types: skewed, leptokurtic, and platykurtic. It was shown that when the error was normal the Wilson Chisquare test for A effect was 58 per cent of that for the comparable F test, the Chi-square test for B effect was 77 per cent of that for the F test, and the Chi-square test for AxB effect was 38 per cent of that for the comparable F test. It was further shown that the Wilson Chi-square tests were not distribution free as claimed by Wilson but were sensitive to the parent distribution shape. Leptokurtic and skewed error distributions increased the power of the Chi-square tests above that estimated with normal Platykurtic error distributions decreased the power of the Chi-square tests from that estimated with normal error. The power of the ANOV F tests were unaffected by even the extreme cases of error non-normality.

# APPENDIX A: DESCRIPTION OF THE WILSON TEST

- 1. The median value,  $M_d$ , for the entire set of n observations is determined. The number of observations less than  $M_d$ , represented by  $n_b$ , is then calculated.
- 2. A 2xrxc contingency table is constructed where r and c represent the number of rows and columns of the design and the "third dimension 2" corresponds to the division of scores by  $M_d$ . The frequency entries for the contingency table are represented by  $_bf_{ij}$ , the number of observations less than  $M_d$  for the cell in row i and column j of the table. It follows that

$$n_{b} = \sum_{i} \sum_{j} b^{f}_{i,j}. \qquad (1-1)$$

The below contingency table example is given for the purpose of clarifying notation:

 $M_d = 100.54851$ 

			FACT	OR A		
		l	2	3	4	b <sup>f</sup> i·
FACTOR	1	5	6	2	2	15
B	2	3	2	4	2	11
	3	4	4	1	1	10
	b <sup>f</sup> •j	12	12	7	5	36

all

n<sub>ii</sub> = 6

c = 4

bfij = # observations < Md

n<sub>b</sub> = 36

n = 72.

3. Since the number of observations for each cell in the ANOV design of interest are all equal and  $M_d$  can be calculated such that  $n_b = n/2$ , the total Chi-square value can be computed as follows:

$$\chi_{\rm T}^2 = \left(\frac{4\,\rm rc}{\rm n}\right) \sum_{\rm i} \sum_{\rm j} \left({}_{\rm b}f_{\rm ij} - \frac{\rm n}{2\,\rm rc}\right)^2 \tag{1-2}$$

where n/2rc represents the expected frequency under the null hypothesis that the main effects and interaction effects produce no change in the distribution of scores.  $\chi_T^2$  has (rc-1) degrees of freedom.

4. The Chi-square values of the row effects and column effects are computed using the marginal totals of the 2xrxc contingency table.

$$\chi_{R}^{2} = \left(\frac{4r}{n}\right) \sum_{i} \left(bf_{i} - \frac{n}{2r}\right)^{2}$$
 (1-3)

and

$$\chi_{C}^{2} = \left(\frac{4c}{n}\right) \sum_{j} \left(b^{f} \cdot j - \frac{n}{2c}\right)^{2}$$
 (1-4)

where  $b^{f}_{i} = \sum_{i}^{E} b^{f}_{ij}$  and  $b^{f}_{i} = \sum_{j}^{E} b^{f}_{ij}$ . As before, the expected frequencies for the main effects, n/2r and n/2c, are obtained for the null hypotheses that the distributions of scores are identical for all levels of the row or column

effects.  $\chi^2_R$  and  $\chi^2_C$  have (r-1) and (c-1) degrees of freedom respectively.

5. The Chi-square value for the interaction effect is computed by subtraction.

$$\chi_{\rm I}^2 = \chi_{\rm T}^2 \cdot \chi_{\rm R}^2 - \chi_{\rm C}^2 \tag{1-5}$$

 $\chi_1^2$  has (r-1)(c-1) degrees of freedom.

- 6. The tests for the main effects and interaction are made by comparing the obtained values of  $\chi^2_R$ ,  $\chi^2_C$ , and  $\chi^2_I$  with values from the cumulative Chi-square distribution for the appropriate degrees of freedom and desired significance level.
- 7. Wilson [6], citing Rao (1952) and Cochran (1954) concluded that there was no problem concerning small expected frequencies as long as the contingency table has 30 or more degrees of freedom. He further concluded that ordinary Chi-square tables were applicable as long as the 30 degrees of freedom criteria held.
- 8. Wilson (6) included formulation for Chi-square values when  $n_a$ , the number of observations greater than or equal to  $M_d$ , is not equal  $n_b$  and when the  $n_{ij}$  are not all equal. In addition he extended application of his test to experimental designs with other than two factors.

# APPENDIX B: DEVELOPMENT OF 12 CELL MODELS

# 1. The Mathematical Model

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + (\alpha\beta)_{ij} + z_{ijk}$$
  
 $i=1,...,3; j=1,...,4; k=1,...,6$ 

is expressed in matrix notation as

Y = =	×	B +	Z
Y111  Y126  Y131  Y136  Y141  Y146  Y211  Y226  Y231  Y236  Y241  Y246  Y311  Y316  Y316  Y321  Y326  Y331  Y336  Y346  (72x1)	(72x20)	(20x1)	Z110 Z120 Z131 Z136 Z131 Z236 Z231 Z236 Z231 Z236 Z331 Z236 Z331 Z336 Z3341 Z346 Z346 Z341 Z341 Z346 Z341 Z341 Z341 Z346 Z341 Z341 Z341 Z341 Z341 Z341 Z341 Z341
('""")	(/	(,	(, =,

2. Model conditions are:

$$\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3 = 0 \tag{2-2}$$

$$\beta_1 + \beta_2 + \beta_3 = 0 (2-3)$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{11} + (\alpha\beta)_{12} + (\alpha\beta)_{13} + (\alpha\beta)_{14} = 0$$
 (2-4)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{21} + (\alpha\beta)_{22} + (\alpha\beta)_{23} + (\alpha\beta)_{24} = 0$$
 (2-5)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{31} + (\alpha\beta)_{32} + (\alpha\beta)_{33} + (\alpha\beta)_{34} = 0$$
 (2-6)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{11} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} + (\alpha\beta)_{31} = 0$$
 (2-7)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{12} + (\alpha\beta)_{22} + (\alpha\beta)_{32} = 0$$
 (2-8)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{13} + (\alpha\beta)_{23} + (\alpha\beta)_{33} = 0$$
 (2-9)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{14} + (\alpha\beta)_{24} + (\alpha\beta)_{34} = 0 \qquad (2-10)$$

3. Rewriting the above and eliminating duplication:

$$\alpha_3 = -\alpha_1 - \alpha_2 \tag{2-11}$$

$$\beta_4 = -\beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 \tag{2-12}$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{14} = -(\alpha\beta)_{11} - (\alpha\beta)_{12} - (\alpha\beta)_{13}$$
 (2-13)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{24} = -(\alpha\beta)_{21} - (\alpha\beta)_{22} - (\alpha\beta)_{23}$$
 (2-14)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{31} = -(\alpha\beta)_{11} - (\alpha\beta)_{21}$$
 (2-15)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{32} = -(\alpha\beta)_{12} - (\alpha\beta)_{22}$$
 (2-16)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{33} = -(\alpha\beta)_{13} - (\alpha\beta)_{23}$$
 (2-17)

$$(\alpha\beta)_{34} = -(\alpha\beta)_{14} - (\alpha\beta)_{24}$$
 (2-18)

Thus the matrix equation can be reduced to an equation in only 12 parameters (vice 20).

4. The new new matrix equation is expressed on page
43. The following cell models are obtained by expanding the new matrix equation.

Model for cell one:

$$Y_{11k} = \mu + \alpha_1 + \beta_1 + (\alpha \beta)_{11} + z_{11k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (2-19)

Model for cell two:

$$Y_{12k} = \mu + \alpha_1 + \beta_2 + (\alpha\beta)_{12} + z_{12k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (2-20)

Model for cell three:

$$Y_{13k} = \mu + \alpha_1 + \beta_3 + (\alpha\beta)_{13} + z_{13k}$$
  $k=1, \dots, 6.$  (2-21)

Model for cell four:

$$Y_{14k} = \mu + \alpha_1 - \beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 - (\alpha\beta)_{11}$$

$$-(\alpha\beta)_{12} - (\alpha\beta)_{13} + z_{14k}$$
  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (2-22)

Model for cell five:

$$Y_{21k} = \mu + \alpha_2 + \beta_1 + (\alpha\beta)_{21} + z_{21k}$$
  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (2-23)

Model for cell six:

$$Y_{22k} = \mu + \alpha_2 + \beta_2 + (\alpha\beta)_{22} + z_{22k}$$
 k=1,..,6. (?-24)

Model for cell seven:

$$Y_{23}$$
: =  $\mu + \alpha_2 + \beta_3 + (\alpha\beta)_{23} + z_{23k}$  k=1,..,6. (2-25)

Model for cell eight:

$$Y_{24k} = \mu + \alpha_2 - \beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 - (\alpha \beta)_{21}$$

$$- (\alpha \beta)_{22} - (\alpha \beta)_{23} + z_{24k} \qquad k=1, \dots, 6. \quad (2-26)$$

Model for cell nine:

$$Y_{31k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \beta_1 - (\alpha\beta)_{11} - (\alpha\beta)_{21} + z_{3ik}$$
  $k=1,\cdots,6.$  (2-27)

YIII 6 - YIII 6 - YIII 6 - YIII 6 - YIII 7 - YIII 6 - YIII 7 - YIII 6 - YIII 7 - YII		μαι αι βι βι βι αβι αβι αβι αβι	Z116 Z121 Z126 Z131 Z136 Z136 Z136 Z136 Z136 Z231 Z231 Z231 Z333 Z333 Z333 Z333 Z333
(72x1)	(72x12)	(12x1)	(72x1)

Model for cell ten:

$$Y_{32k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \beta_2 - (\alpha\beta)_{12} - (\alpha\beta)_{22} + z_{32k}$$
  $k=1,\dots,6.$  (2-28)

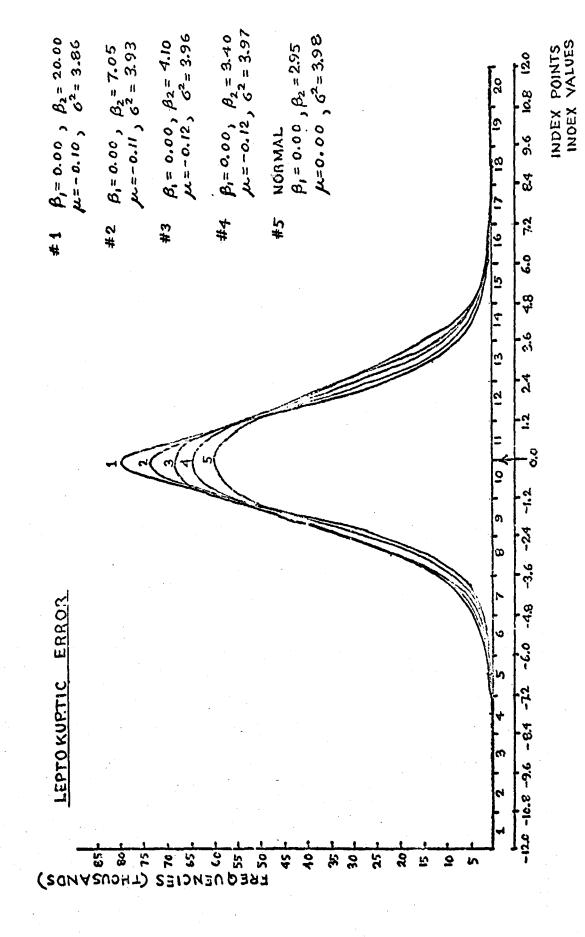
Model for cell eleven:

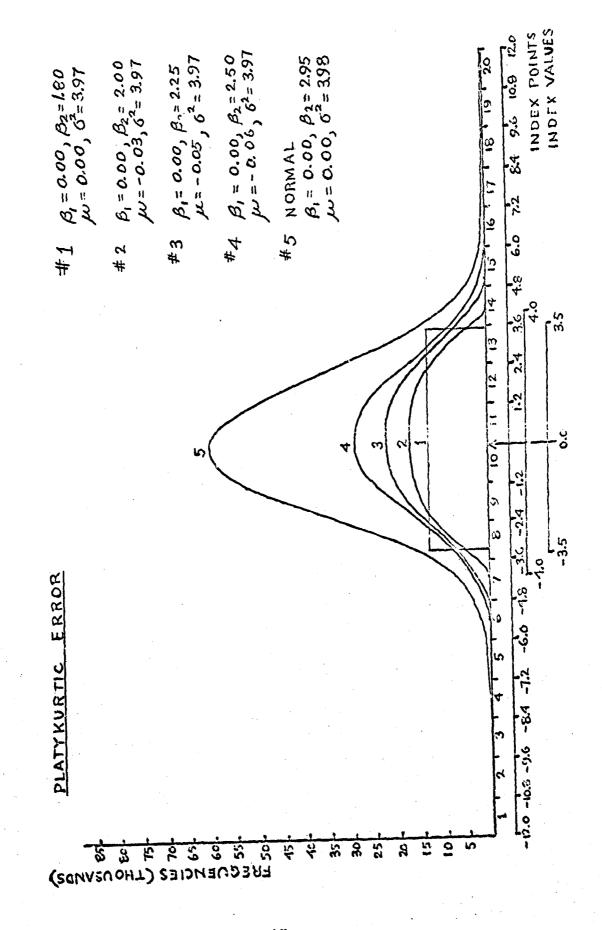
$$Y_{33k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 + \beta_3 - (\alpha \beta)_{13} - (\alpha \beta)_{23} + z_{33k}$$
 $k=1,\dots,6.$  (2-29)

Model for cell twelve:

$$Y_{34k} = \mu - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 - \beta_1 - \beta_2 - \beta_3 + (\alpha\beta)_{11}$$
+  $(\alpha\beta)_{12} + (\alpha\beta)_{13} + (\alpha\beta)_{21} + (\alpha\beta)_{22}$ 
+  $(\alpha\beta)_{23} + z_{34k}$ 
 $k=1,\dots,6.$  (2-30)

INDEX POINTS INDEX VALUES H=0.00, 6=3.98  $\beta_1 = 0.26, \beta_2 = 3.47$   $\mu = 0.00$   $6^2 = 3.97$ B,= 0.00, B2= 2.95  $\beta_1 = 0.99, \beta_2 = 4.57$ p= 0.00 , 6= 3.98 18, 19, 20  $\beta_1 = 1.95$ ,  $\beta_2 = 5.96$   $\mu = 0.00$ ,  $6^2 = 3.98$ 10.8 M= 0.00, 62 = 3.97 B,=3.97, B2=9.03 NORMAL 6.0 7.2 井ら #4 #3 #2 7# <u>.</u> 4 ERROR CURVES 11 12 13 0 APPENDIX C: -140 -16.8 -9.6 -84 -7.2 -6.0 -48 -3.6 -24 -42 SKEWED ERROR FREQUENCIES (THOUSANDS) 20





### APPENDIX D: DEVELOPMENT OF MODEL PARAMETERS

- 1. The power curve for determining theoretical power for the test of interaction, 3x4 ANOV model, is attached o this appendix. Numerator degrees of freedom are 6, (r-1)(c-1), and denominator degrees of freedom are 60, rc(n-1); where r is the number of rows (3), c is the number of columns (4), and n is the number of replications per cell (6). For a desired power of 0.67 at a level of significance of 0.05,  $\phi = 1.3$ .
  - 2. From Reference 11

$$\sigma_{AxB}^{2} = \frac{1}{\sigma^{2}} \left[ \frac{n}{(r-1)(c-1)+1} \sum_{i=1}^{r} \sum_{j=1}^{c} (\alpha \beta)_{ij}^{2} \right] = (1.3)^{2}$$

$$= 1.69. \tag{4-1}$$

Since a variance of 3.98 was actually obtained in simulation of the N(0,4) error, this value was substituted for  $\sigma^2$ . Values for r, c, and n stated above were also substituted. Then, rearranging (4-1)

$$\sum_{i=1}^{3} \sum_{j=1}^{4} (\alpha \beta)_{ij}^{2} = \frac{7(3.98)(1.69)}{6} = 7.8387.$$
 (4-2)

3. Any combination of  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$ 's such that (4-2) holds will give the desired power. But the interaction was characterized by  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = a_i c_j$  with  $c_j$ 's evenly spaced, constant, increasing with  $\beta_j$ , and  $\beta_j = 0$ . Initial values for  $\beta_j = 0$  also arbitrarily chosen as  $\beta_j = 0$ . In the interaction was characterized by  $\beta_j = 0$ .

- 3. Initial values for  $\alpha_i$  were also arbitrarily chosen, subject to the condition  $\sum_i \alpha_i = 0$ , to be  $\alpha_1 = -1.03$ ,  $\alpha_2 = 0.28$ ,  $\alpha_3 = 0.75$ .
  - 4. Substituting these values for  $\alpha_i$  and  $c_i$

$$\sum_{i} \sum_{j} (\alpha \beta)_{ij} = \sum_{i} \sum_{j} (\alpha_{i} c_{j}) = ((-1.03)(-3))$$

$$+ \cdot \cdot + ((0.75)(3) = 34.0360.$$

Thus each value of the initial selection for  $c_j$  was too large by the multiple  $(34.0360/7.8387)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2.0837$ . Initial  $c_j$ 's were then divided by 2.0837 to obtain:

$$c_1 = -1.4 \ 971 = -1.44$$
 $c_2 = -0.47990 = -0.48$ 
 $c_3 = 0.47990 = 0.48$ 
 $c_4 = 1.43971 = 1.44$ 

5. Using the original  $\alpha_i$ 's and the adjusted  $c_j$ 's, values of  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij} = (\alpha_i c_j)$  were calculated to be

$$(\alpha\beta)_{11} = \alpha_1 c_1 = 1.4832$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{12} = \alpha_1 c_2 = 0.4944$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{13} = \alpha_1 c_3 = -0.4944$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{14} = \alpha_1 c_4 = -1.4832$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{21} = \alpha_2 c_1 = -0.4032$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{22} = \alpha_2 c_2 = -0.1344$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{23} = \alpha_2 c_3 = 0.1544$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{24} = \alpha_2 c_4 = 0.4032$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{31} = \alpha_3 c_1 = -1.0800$$

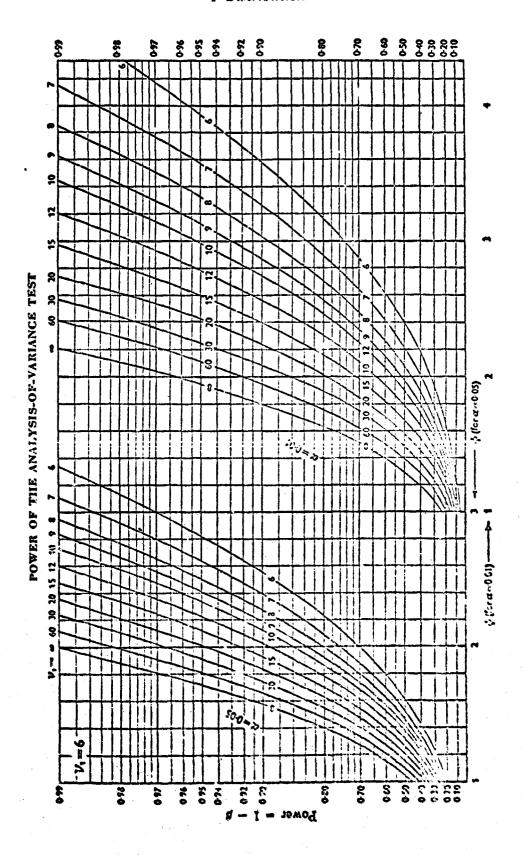
$$(\alpha\beta)_{32} = \alpha_3 c_2 = -0.3600$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{33} = \alpha_3 c_3 = 0.3600$$

$$(\alpha\beta)_{34} = \alpha_3 c_4 = 1.0800.$$

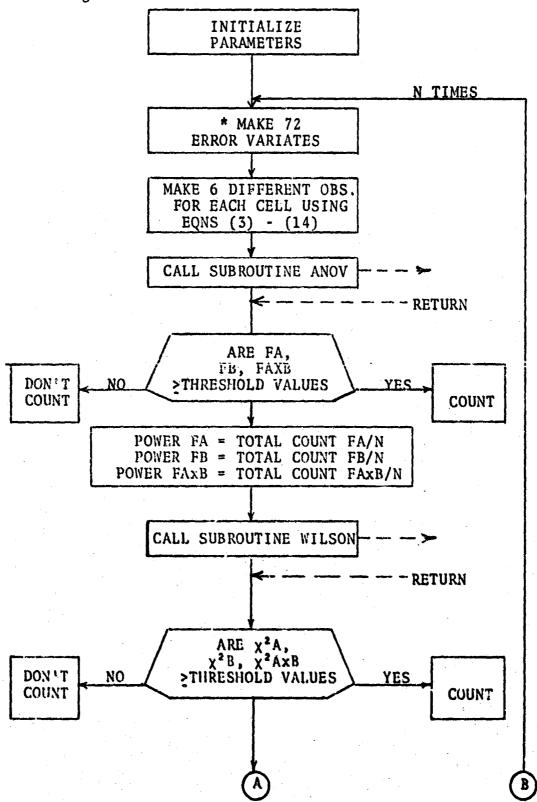
These values of  $(\alpha\beta)_{ij}$  met the model conditions stated in Appendix B (i.e.,  $\sum_{j} (\alpha\beta)_{ij} = 0$ ,  $i=1,\dots,3$ , and  $\sum_{i} (\alpha\beta)_{ij} = 0$ ,  $j=1,\dots,4$ ).

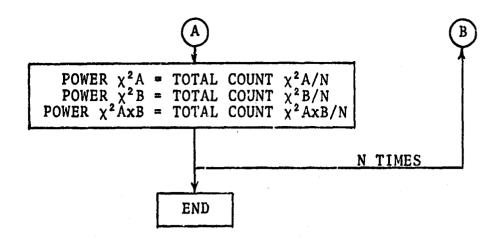
- 6. Values of  $\beta_j$  were then chosen arbitrarily subject to the condition  $\frac{\Sigma}{j}$   $\beta_j$  = 0. Values were selected in the neighborhood of the  $\alpha_i$  values so that no single main effect would be dominant. Values chosen were  $\beta_j$  = -1.03,  $\beta_2$  = -1.03,  $\beta_3$  = 1.03,  $\beta_4$  = 1.03.
- 7. The overall mean, represented by  $\mu$  in equations (3) through (14), was chosen arbitrarily to be 100.00.



# APPENDIX E: COMPUTER FLOW DIAGRAMS

### 1. Main Program



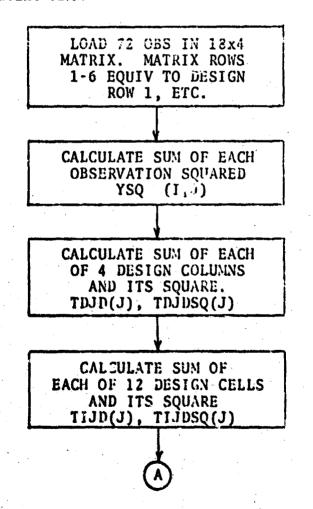


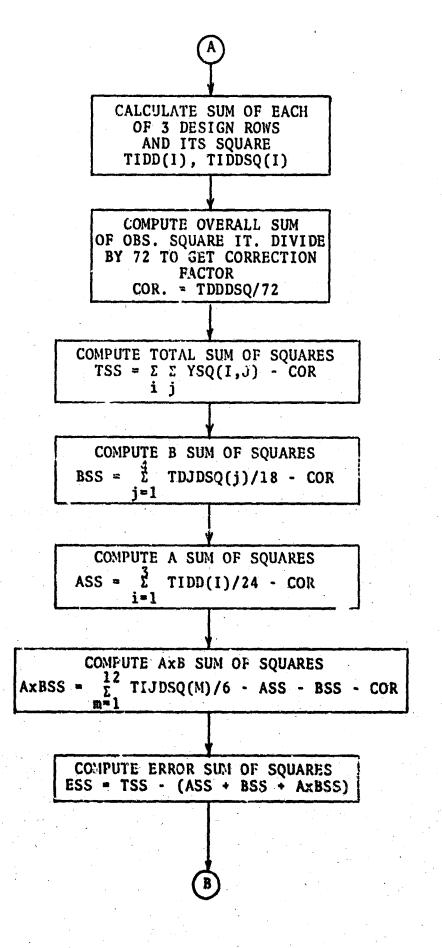
### NOTES:

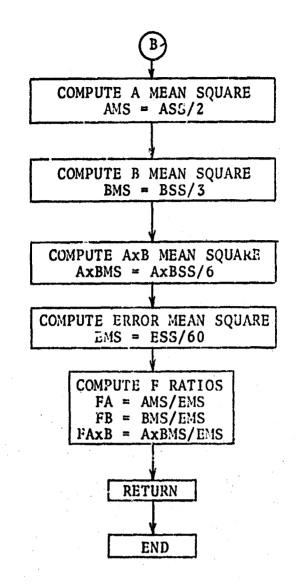
\*This package was changed for each level of each type error.

Selected computer programs used are attached following appendices.

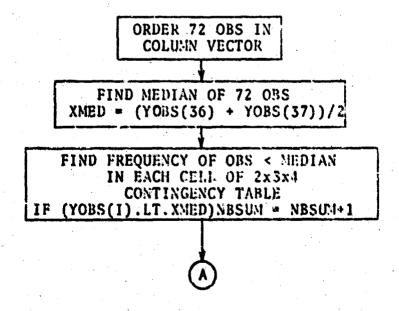
### 2. Subroutine ANOV

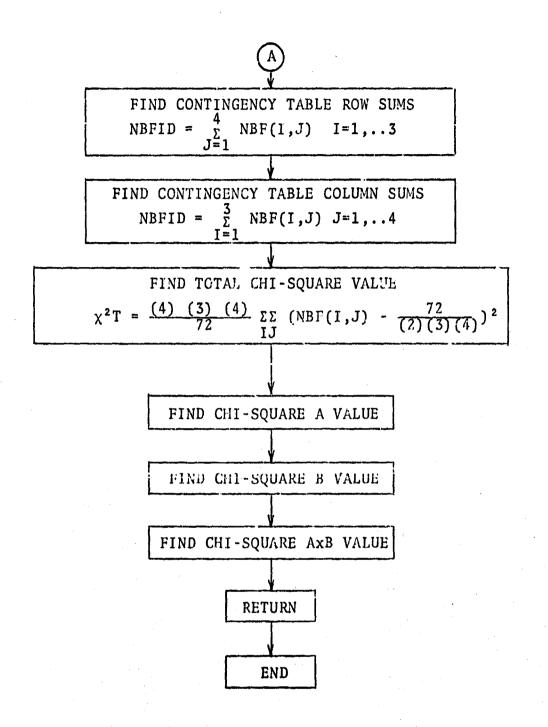






### 3. Subroutine Wilson





### APPENDIX F: DETERMINING TEST REPLICATIONS

- 1. Ten ANOV and ten WILSON subroutines were executed on data generated with the simulation model, N(0,4) error. Power of each of the F and Chi-square statistical tests for main effects and interaction was computed by the method shown in Appendir E. The subroutines were then executed ten more times and power computed in a similar manner. This was repeated until 200 ANOV's and WILSON subroutines had been executed consecutively giving a sample size of 20 power values per test, each power value based on the number of false null hypotheses rejected out of ten trials.
  - 2. Sample variance was then computed for each test.

$$S^{2} = \frac{1}{n_{0}-1} \sum_{i=1}^{20} (X_{i} - \overline{X})^{2}$$
 (6-1)

where  $X_i$  is the i<sup>th</sup> power value and  $\overline{X}$  is sample mean power value based on the 20  $X_i$ 's.  $n_o = 20$ .

3. Using the student's t distribution table, the value for k was determined so that the following equation held.

$$\operatorname{Prob}\left[\frac{-c}{2\sqrt{k}} \leq t_{n_0-1} \leq \frac{e}{2\sqrt{k}}\right] = 1-\alpha \qquad (6-2)$$

where e = .04,  $n_0 - 1 = 19$ , and  $1 - \alpha = .95$ .

4. For each of the six statistical tests involved  $N_{\overline{X}}$ , the number of replications required for desired confidence on the value of  $\overline{X}$ , was determined by:

$$N_{\overline{X}} = Max \left( \left[ \frac{S^2}{k} \right] + 1, n_0 \right)$$
 (6-3)

where  $[S^2/k]$  represents the greatest integer  $\leq$  the ratio.

- 5. The value obtained for  $N_{\overline{X}}$  was then multiplied by ten to obtain N, the number of WILSON and ANOV subroutines to be executed for desired confidence. The multiplication was necessary since ten replications were required for each value of  $X_i$ .
- 6. The maximum of the N values for the six tests involved was then determined and rounded up to the nearest 100. Results are summarized below:

7. Determining test was the Chi-square test for A effect. The computer program utilized is attached following the appendices.

### APPENDIX G: THEORETICAL POWER, ANOV MAIN EFFECTS TEST

1. Reference 11 gives

$$\phi_{A}^{2} = \frac{nc \sum_{i=1}^{r} \alpha_{i}^{2}}{\sigma^{2}r}.$$
 (7-1)

Here n = number of replications, 6; c = number of design columns, 4; r = number of design rows, 3;  $\sigma^2$  = desired variance, 4; and  $\sum_{i} \alpha_i^2$  = sum of the squared  $\alpha_i$  parameters from Appendix D. Substituting

$$\phi_{\Lambda}^2 = \frac{(6)(4)(1.7018)}{(4)(3)} = 3.40$$

and

$$\phi_{\Lambda} = 1.85$$
.

The applicable power curve, attached to this appe dix, has numerator degrees of freedom = r-1 = 2, and denominator degrees of freedom = rc(n-1) = 60. Power of the test, as read from the curve, is 0.81 at the 5 per cent level of significance.

2. 
$$\phi_B^2 = \frac{nr \sum_{j=1}^{c} \beta_j^2}{\sigma^2 c}.$$
 (7-2)

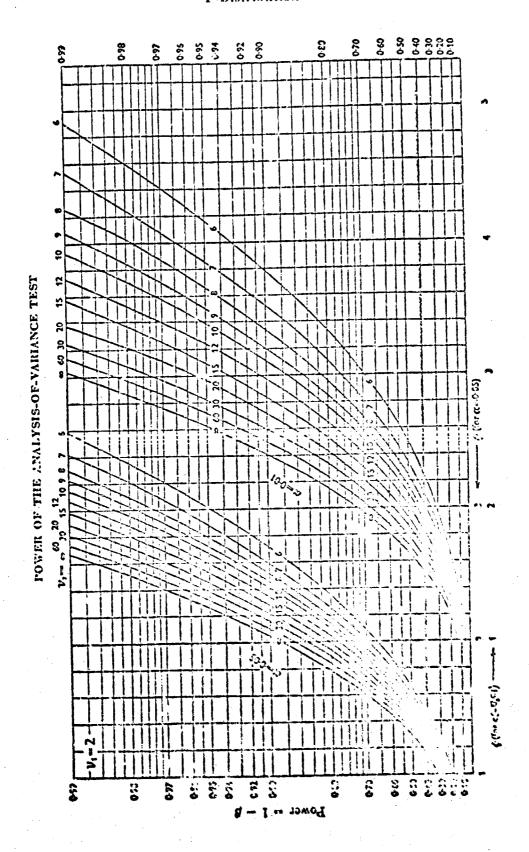
Here  $\sum_{j} \beta_{j}^{2} = \text{sum of the squared } \beta_{j}$ 's from Appendix D = 4.2456. Substituting

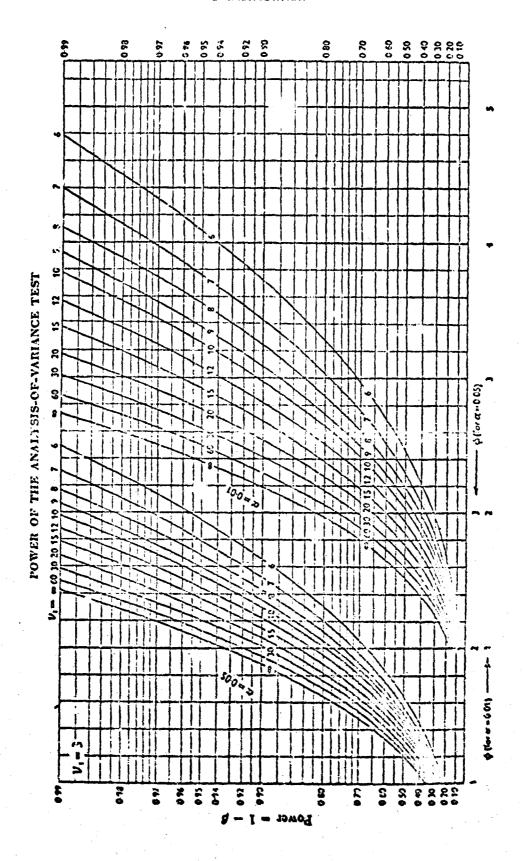
$$\phi_B^2 = \frac{(6)(3)(4.2436)}{(4)(4)} = 4.77$$

and

$$\phi_{\rm R}=2.18$$

The applicable power curve, with numerator degrees of freedom = 3 and deonominator degrees of freedom = 60, gives power of this test = 0.96. The power curve is attached.





# COMPUTER PROGRAM 1: DETERMINING TEST REPLICATIONS

```
C.); fx(10c), SONORM(100), XVAL(130), YORD(130), CYCRD(
YNURSO(130), NBCH(20), YNORCU(130), YNORFR(130)
                                                                                       FOR RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR AND CELL MODELS
```

```
FCR CELL 8
= 43148
= 7852n+A2-81-82-83-A021-A822-A823+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        [-81-82-83-4811-4612-4813+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       N-41-42+81-4811-4321+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                CELL (= 21, 36
= 21, 36
= YAEAM+A2+B2+AB22+YNURM(K)
                                                                                                                             ELL 5
YKEAN+A1+B2+AB12+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                The Artal + 81+ AB11 + YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                       118-141+23+4813+YNOPH(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           YFEAN+42+83+4823+YNDR / (K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               - YILAN+A2+B1+AB21+YNCRM(K)
LIX,IV,YFL!
                             UM + RX(M)
                                                                                                                201
                                             150
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                                                                                                                                                                                           300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    765
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          600
                                                                          Ş
```

```
CELL 12
7.72
AN-A1-A2-B1-B2-B3+AB11+AB12+AB13+AB21+AB22+AB23+YNORM
                                                                                                                                 CALCULATION.
                           CA CELL 11
= 61,66
YPSAN-A1-A2+B3-AB13-£323+YNORM(K)
 YHEAN-A1-A2+82-A812-A322+YNORM(K)
YOBS(K)
TEUG CONTINUI
                                                      1100 1
```

```
SXHXSC+XIMXSQ
                      TANGOOD HARES
                                                     4515
     45.5
```

	SUBROUTINE DIMENSION V 1(20)-T100(1	などのできる。	-AXB) 50(18,4), TDJD(10), TDJDSQ(10), TIJD(20), TIJDSQ
Ų	NO SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF	VECTOR TO 1	8X4 MATRIX WITH CELLS IN CORRECT DRDER.
10/0	7 * C	 	
2	46.7 be -181	9 - 1 - 6	
2000	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	= YOBS(K)	
202		= 1,5	
210.1	1 1	= Y08S(K)	
2017		= 1,6	
	+;	= Y08S(K)	
6527	= ~ = ~	= 7,12	
0	- ~: - ~: - ~:	= YOBS(K)	
2267	-14	= 7,12	
	-1	= YOBS(K)	
2747	≝() • = () •	= 7,12	
: : :	+ 541.	= YOBS(K)	
200 7.	) (6 20 - 40) -	= 7,12	
\$ 0.40 0.40	+ <del></del>	= Y08S(K)	
6.707	- K	= 13,18	
2769	د دسورید دروس	= YOBS(K)	
<b>)</b>	0 () { 2 () } { 4 () } - ()	= 12,18	
2000	-1	= YOBS(K)	
) )	I .> ↓ + .> ~ - (\:	8 E + 8 E	
29Cu	72	= YOES(K)	

```
C 3000 (CNTINUE FINDING TSS F
```

```
TALIZE INT TO 1 IN EVENT ALL YOBS(I) ARE IN ORDER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         1) INTERCHANGE THEM GO TO 7100
                                                                      +TDJD(2)+TDJD(3)+TDJD(4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      CRUER OBSERVATIONS IN YOBS VECTOR
SUMS OF SQUARES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ) $269°
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    7000
```

```
NT GIVES LUCATION OF LAST INTERCHANGE. ALL NUMBERS BEYOND UBSCINT) ARE IN ORDER.
                                             O INTERCHANGES BEYOND YOBS(1) AND YOBS(2) HAVE NUMBERS ARE IN DROER.
                                                                                                                            GES(I).LT.XMED) NBSUN = NBSUN+I
                                                                                                                                                                               300 I = 13,18
385(I).LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       S(I) LT, XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           S(I) LT. XMED) NBSUM = NFSUM+I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                S(I) LI XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    (I = 37,42)
S(I) LT. XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                 708 S(35)+Y08S(37))/2
                                                                                                                                                                                                              = NBSOM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             = NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                          = Nesum
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      = NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   = NESUM
- TEMP
                                                                                                       7230
                                                                                                                                                1690
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                                                                                                                                                                                                    77.00
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    8100
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        7830
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            29.02
```

```
SPULT = (4,5×4,5)/72.0

BCOR = 72/(2×4)

PISOB = 8MULT*((N8FD1-NBCOR)**2+(NBFD2-NBCOR)**2+(NBFD3-NBCOR)**2

(M3FD4-NBCCE)**2)

SQAXD = CHISOI-CHISQA-CHISQB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           PUL! = (4.5.35.1772.0
ACCR = 727(2.3)
HISOA ± AMULT (NBFID-NACOR)**2+(NBF2D-NACOR)**2+(NBF3D-NACOR)**2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      2-(NB(1,2)-3)
2-21-3)**2+(N
)***2+(NB(3,3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  HANGE
HANGE
                                                                      NS(2,4) = NBSUM
NBSUM = 0
DG 8400 i = 49,54
IF(X)BS(I) = LT XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
IRUE = NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             X3557 I = 55,60
X358(I) LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+I
TINUE
3,21 = NBSUM
HR = 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            VOCCO I = 61,66
XCBS(I).LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
TINUE
NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             TESTS
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185(I) LT. XMED) NBSUM = NBSJM+1
NUE
F(XOBS(I).LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      38 (1 + 1) - 3) * * 2 + (N8 (2) - 3) * * 2 + (N8 (2) 2 + (N8 (2) - 3) * (2) + (N8 (2) - 3) * (2) + (N8 (2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 14 (X3508 | X350 | X350
                                                                                                   8300
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```

NAXBOF = 6 RETURN END

### COMPUTER PROGRAM 2: HISTOGRAM N(0,4) ERROR

```
25
24
```

```
2/N))/(N - 1)
FSNC3SQ)/N+((SUMNRM**2)*3.6*SUMNRM)/(N*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   NC 3CU)/N+((SUMNRM*#2)#6.0#SNORSQ)/(N*(N*#3)+(SUMNRM*#4)/(N*#3))/(N-1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                .25cc) I, YNMEIN, YNVAR, NEGX(I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             YNGM3, YMGM4
[5.5]
SBETAL, BETAL, BETAL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               = NBCX(20)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         = NBOX(18)
                                                                                                                                                                                                 = NBOX(15)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      = NBOX(17)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            = NECY(19)
                                                                                                 = NBCX(11)
                                                                                                                    = NBOX(12)
                                                                                                                                        = NBOX(13)
                                                                                                                                                           = NBOX(14)
                                                                                                                                                                               = NEOX(15)
                                                                            (01)XGEN =
                                                         = Neox(9)
                                     = NECX(8)
= NBOX(6)
                  = NBCX (7)
                                                                                           コスのお
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2500
3000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      9500
```

500 FCRMAT(1H,3F15,5)
50 4000 J = 1,72
MRITE(6,3500) J,YNORM(J)
50 FCRMAT(1H,12,10%,F15,5)
50 CCNTINUE
FNO

## COMPUTER PROGRAM 3: POWER N(0,4) ERROR (VALIDATION)

```
CO) FAX(100) SDNCRM(100), XVAL(130), YORD(130), CYORD(
YNORSO(130), NBCX(20), YNCRCU(130), YNGRFR(130)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              S
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     150
```

ZN+A1+81+A811+YNORM(K)

```
# 6/1/72 # 621-42-31-82-83+4811+4812+4813+4621+4822+4823+YNORM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              FC8 CELL 8
= 43,45
= YMEAU+A2-81-82-83-AB21-A822-A823+YNORM(K)
                                                                          CELL 4
= 19,24
= YMEAN+A1-81-82-83-A811-A812-A813+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    CELL 11
1,000
AN-A1-A2+83-AB13-AB23+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           FC9 CELL 9
= 40,54
= YMEAU-A1-A2+B1-AB11-#821+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       FCR CELL 10
= 55 60
- 788411-A1-A2+82-A312-4522+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                     . CELL 5
K = 25, 30
= VREA3+A2+B1+AB21+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                   L CELL 6
K = 31,36
= YMEAN+A2+B2+AB22+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 # 27,42
# 27,42
= YNEAN+A2+B3+AB23+YNOF W(K)
7+12
Ymean4a1+82+ab12+ynorm(k)
                                                     # YERANHAIHB3+ABI3+YNOKH(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1100
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        1002
                                                                 305
                                                                                                            4C3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             906
                   230
                                                                                                                                                           50c
                                                                                                                                                                                                      600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  207
```

```
FAXE)
YSQ(18,4), TDJD(10), TDJDSQ(10), TIJD(20), TIJDSQ
10)
                                   CTOR TO 18X4 MATRIX WITH CELLS IN CORRECT ORDER.
                                                                                     = YOBS(K)
                                                                                                                    YOBS (K)
                                                                                                                                                    YCB S (K)
                                                                                                                                                                                    YOBS (K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    YOBS(K)
                                                                                                                                                                    7,12
                                                                                                                                                             2200
                                                                                            2000
                                                                                                                                                                                             2300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             2400
                                                                                                                            2100
```

```
2400 1 = 1,18
1180E WSUM+WORK(1,J)
1180E WSUM
02(J) = MSUM
02(J) = TDJD(J)##2
14JE
14JE
14JE
14JE FINDING ASS AND AX
                                                                                                                      ATER FINDING BSS
= 7,12
= YOBS(K)
= 7,12
= YOBS(K)
                                      = 13,18
= YOBS(K)
                                                                    = YOBS(K)
                                                                                        = YOBS(K)
                                                                                                            = YOBS(K)
                                                          13,18
                                                                              = 13,18
                                                                                                  = 13,18
                                                                                                                300000
                                                                                                                                                                                           2366
                                                                                                                                                                             34(0
               2500
                                  2692
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     35.50
                                                      2700
                                                                          2800
                                                                                             2900
```

```
+TD10(2)+TD10(3)+TD10(4)
                                                                                                                      JAS CF SQUARES
                                                                                                   T-9160 TO 4000
                                                                                                                                          SQ+YSQ(I,J)
                               3700
                                                                                                          3800
4000
3500
```

```
CHANGES BEYOND YOBS(1) AND YOBS(2) HAVE
S ARE IN ORDER.
                                                                                                                                                                                                            OCATION OF LAST INTERCHANGE, ALL NUMBERS BEYOND ARE IN ORDER.
                                                                                                INITIALIZE INT TO 1 IN EVENT ALL YOBS(I) ARE IN ORDER
                                                                                                                                     FLT.YGBS(I) INTERCHANGE THEM E, YOBS(I)) GO TO 7100
CHISQB . CSGAXB)
                                                                        CRUER OBSERVATIONS IN YOBS VECTOR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            I = 1,6
(I) LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           = 13,18
).LT. XAED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                S(I) = 7,12
S(I) = LT, XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     YOBS (36) +YOBS (37) 1/2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               - Nasum
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  MESON =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     = NPSUM
                                                        6950
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       7766
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     7800
                                                                                                       2000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         7200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           7600
```

```
\frac{1}{1} = 49 + 54

15(1) - LT - XFED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1

10E
                                                                                                                 I = 31,36
I).LI.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                              \frac{2}{2} I = \frac{27}{7}42
S(I)<sub>0</sub>LT<sub>0</sub> XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         C_{I} = 61,66
S(I).LT.XMED) NBSUM = NESUM+1
S(I).LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                     = 25+30
1-11-XMED NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               S(I) LT = 43,48
S(I) LT XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          SS(I) L1 SS 60
SS(I) L1 XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       I = 67 \cdot 72
(I) LI. XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  = ABSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              = NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             - NESOM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           NUSSN =
                          ≈ NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                      = NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                        6200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                8600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      6300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     8400
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              87CC
                                                                             33G8
                                                                                                                                           8160
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ESCC
```

```
MULT* ((NB(1,1)-3)**2+(NB(1,2)-3)**2+(NB(1,3)-3)**2+(NB(1,1)-3)**2+(NB(2,3)-3)**2+(NB(2,3)-3)**2+(NB(2,3)-3)**2+(NB(2,3)-3)**2+(NB(2,3)-3)**2+(NB(3,2)-3)**2+(NB(3,3)-3)**2+(NB(3,4)-3)**2)
1)-3)**2+(NB(3,2)-3)**2+(NB(3,3)-3)**2+(NB(3,4)-3)**2)
5(2*3)
7(2*3)
7(2*3)
7(2*3)
7(2*3)
                                                                                           = (4.04.0)/72.0
= 72/(244)
3 = 5.45[T*(NBFD1-NBCOR)**2+(NBFD2-NBCOR)**2+(NBFD3-NBCOR)**2
                                                                                                                                   3 = CHISOT-CHISOA-CHISQB
3 = CHISOT-CHISQA-CHISQB
3 = 6
```

# COMPUTER PROGRAM 4: LEVELS OF SIGNIFICANCE (VALIDATION)

```
00); AX(100); SDNORM(100); XVAL(130); YORD(130); CYORD(YNORSQ(130); NBCX(20); YNORCU(130); YNORFK(130)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           150
```

```
MEAN-A1-A2-81-82-83+A811+A812+A813+A821+A822+A823+YNDRM
                                                                                               L CELL 4
K = 15,24
= YFEAN+A1+B1-B2-B3-AB1.1-AB12-AB13+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               L FCR CELL 8
K = 43,48
= YMEAN+A2-81-82-83-AB21-AB22-AB23+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          FOR CELL 10
K = 55,60
= YMEAN-A1-A2+82-AB12-AB22+YNGRM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       = YMEAN-41-A2+81-AB11-AB21+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ;66 - A2+B3-AB13-AB73+YNORM(K)
                     L CELL 2
K = 7,12
' = YMEAN+A1+B2+AB12+YNDRM(K)
                                                                                                                                   1-6
YMEAN+A1+B1+AB11+YNGA"(K)
                                                                     = 13,18
= YMEAN+A1+B3+AB13+YND9M(K)
                                                                                                                                                                        L FOR CELL 7
K = 37,42
= YMEAN+A2+B3+AB23+YNGRM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 VCC 1000
                                                                                                         00 40
V06 S (
40 CCN 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 こことに
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             1000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   0311
                                                                                                                                                                909
                                                   200
                                                                                       300
                                                                                                                                                                                                   000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            800
000
800
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       750
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                006
```

```
(FA, FB, FAXS)
18,4), YSQ(18,4), TDJD(10), TDJDSQ(10), TIJD(20), TIJDSQ
1DDSQ(10)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              TOR TO 18X4 MATRIX WITH CELLS IN CORRECT ORDER.
                              CALCULATION.
1250
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1800
```

1,6	YOBS(K)	1,6	YOBS(K)	1,6	YCB S(K)	7,12	YOBS (K)	7,12	YOBS (K)	7,12	YOBS(K)	7,12	YGBS(K)	15,18	YOBS(K)	12,18	YOBS(K)	13,18	YOBS (K)	13,13	YOB STK1	FINDING TSS	ents'
11	. <b>j</b> t	Ħ	u	¥1	H	H	H	. 11	11	μ	Ħ	H	Ħ	H	H	H	11	11	H	u.	<b>\$1</b>	m 11 1	it
22.0	CRK(I		マード・マンド・マンド・マンド・マンド・マンド・マンド・マンド・マンド・マンド・マン	2226	インシャルの		1	2.00		101 101 101 101 101 101		いい。	13 (6) 	200 200 200 200 200 200 200		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1000 N	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2.F	A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	([+])
		)	03.60	0217	Ç	(1777	¢ c	2007	3376	7	26.00	<u>ن</u>	0 6	U	3000	•	2600		2000	)  -	3000		

```
TERCHANGES LEYOND YOBS(1) AND YOBS(2) HAVE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         JOCATION OF LAST INTERCHANGE. ALL NUMBERS BEYOND ARE IN GROER.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ILLIZE INT TO 1 IN EVEN" ALL YOBS(I) ARE IN GROER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  T.YOSS(I) INTERCHANGE THEM OBS(I) 60 TO 7100
+TDJD(2)+TDJD(3)+TDJD(4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ER CASERVATIONS IN YOBS VECTOR
                                                                                                                 rijšä+tijbsa(i)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 RATIOS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            BAS/EMS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    0002
                                                                                                                               3067
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           568 C
```

```
1 = 7.12
1) = LT. XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                           = 13 18
) LT XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              I = 25,3C
I) LT. XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       I = 43,48
I) LI XMED NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                              = 19,24
•LT• XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   [] = 31,36
[) LT. XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      I = 37,42

I) \cdot (I \cdot XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                       I = 1.6
[J.L.T.XMED] NBSUM = NBSU
38(36)+Y08S(37))/2
                                                                                                     - NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               NBSUM
                                                  = ABSUR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            NOSOW =
                                                                                                                                                       ■ NBSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                          - NESUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 = NESUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    = NBSUM
7200
                                        26097
                                                                                                                                              78CC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  8000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           8300
                                                                                                                                                                                                 0061
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         8200
```

```
#3.0)/72.0
2#3)
LT#((NBF1D-NACOR)##2+(NBF2D-NACCR)*#2+(NBF3D-NACOR)##2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (N6FD1-N8COR) :: * 2+ (N8FD2-N8CCR) ** 2+ (N8FD3-N8COR) ** 2
= 55+60
•LT•XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                               I = 61,66
I)-LT-XMED) NBSUM = NBSJM+1
                                                                                                                          700 I = 67,72
085(I).LT.XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
INUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   -CHISGA-CHISGB
                                                                                                     = NBSUM
                                    = NBSUM
                                                                                          8600
                                                                                                                                                           8700
                        8500
```

#### COMPUTER PROGRAM 5: SKEWED #1 HISTOGRAM

```
CYORD (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     24 NaOx(3) = NaOx(3) 4
6C T0 50 = NaOx(3) 4
6C T0 50 = NaOx(4) 4
6C T0 50 = NaOx(6) 4
26 NaOx(6) = NaOx(6) 4
6C T0 50 = NaOx(6) 4
28 NaOx(7) = NBOx(7) 4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              = N90X(1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          = NEGX(2)
```

```
CACU)/N+((SUMNRM##2)#6.0#SNORSQ)/(N#
F*#3)+(SUMNRM##4)/(N##3))/(N-I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               YNMEAN, YNVAR, NBDX(I), 2F15.3, 5X, 16)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        TA1, BETA1, BETA2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       MCM3, YMOM4
                                                                                                                                                                                                             NB 0X (29)
                                                                                                                                        NB 0X (16)
                                                                                                                                                          NBCX(17)
                                                                                                                                                                      NBOX(18)
                                                                                                                                                                                            = NBOX(19)
                                                                                                                       = N30X(15)
                                                                                                      = NBOX(14)
                                                                                     = NBOX(13)
                                 = NBCX(10)
                                                  NBCX (11)
                                                                    NBUX(12)
                 = N80X(9)
= NBOX(8)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 0096
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                6266
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3500
```

4000 CCNTINUE STOP END

#### SKEWED #1 PC'YER W/ANOV, WILSON SUB-ROUTINES COMPUTER PROGRAM 6:

```
*SDNURM(100), XVAL(130), YORD(136), CYORD(
*NBOX(20), YNORCU(130), YNORFR(130)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           CELL 1
= 1.5
= YMEAN+AI+BI+ABII÷YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          5-1-2
7-12
VEAN+A1+B2+AB12+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2: :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     نن
```

```
FOR CELL 12
( = 67,72
= YMEAN-A1-A2-B1-B2-B3+AB11+AB12+AB13+AB21+AB22+AB23+YNORM
                       CELL 4
= 19,24
= YMEAN+A1-B1-B2-B3-AB11-AB12-AB13+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                FOR CELL 8
= 43,48
= YMEAN+A2-81-B2-B3-A8:1-AB22-AB23+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      FOR CELL 9
= 49,54
= YMEAN-A1-A2+B1-AB11-1821+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   CALCULATIONS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  FOR CELL 11
<= 61,66
= YMEAN-A1-A2+B3-AB13-:B23+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            FOR CELL 10
( = 55160
: YMEAN-A1-A2+82-A812-1822+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                   ( = 31,36
= YMEAN+A2+B2+AB22+YNO?M(K)
13,18
YMEAN+A1+B3+AB13+YNCEM(K)
                                                               CELL 5
= 25+30
= YPEAN+A2+B1+AB21+YNGRM(K)
                                                                                                                                          FOR CELL 7
= 37,42
= YMEAN+A2+B3+AB23+YNO3M(K)
                                                                                 YOBS
CONTI
                                                                                                                                                   YOBS
CCNTI
                                                                                                                                                                                         00 eC
Y08S(
CONT I
                                                                                                                      YOBS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  10001
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1160 J
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   506
                                                                                                                                600
                                                                                                                                                                      730
                                                    400
                                                                                          500
                                                                                                                                                                                                            SCO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1250
```

```
3, FAXB)
YSQ(18,4), TDJD(10), TDJDSQ(10), TIJD(20), TIJDSQ
10)
                                                            (100)
VECTOR TO 18X4 MATRIX WITH CELLS IN CORRECT ORDER.
                                                                                                                                              Y085 (K)
                                                                                                                                                                            YOB S (K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                         YOBS(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       YDBS (K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         7,12
                                                                    CONVE
WORK(I, 1
45CD
                                                                                                                                                     2100
                                                                                                                                                                                   2266
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  2300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                240C
                                                                                                                       2f 30
                                                                                          3051
```

```
LATER FINDING ASS AND AXBSS
                                                                                                                                  LATER FINDING BSS
                                                                                                     FINDING TSS
                                                                                           = YOBS(K)
                                                                       = YOBS(K)
                                                   YOBS(K)
                                 = YOBS(K)
                                                              = 13,18
                                          13,18
                                                                                 = 13,18
                                                                                             33360
                                                                                                                                                                       3300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3600
                                                                                                                                                                                                   3550
                                      27.30
                                                          2860
                                                                              C062
                                                                                                                                                            3400
                   2657
5200
```

```
JDSQ(4))/18 -COR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   (1)+<u>TDJD(2)+TDJD(3)+TDJD(4)</u>
                                                                                                                                                                              PUTE SUMS OF SQUARES

I = 1,18

I = 1,4

S = SUMYSQ+YSQ(I,J)
                            1013160 TO 3700
                                                                                                                                                          667,9160 TO 400C
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 STIJSOTII JOSO(I)
                                              3700
                                                                                                         9900
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          4300
350u
```

```
RCHANGES EEYOND YOBS(1) AND YOBS(2) HAVE RS ARE IN ORDER.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              OCATION OF LAST INTERCHANGE. ALL NUMBERS BEYOND PE IN ORDER.
                                                                                                                                 TALIZE INT TO 1 IN EVENT ALL YOBS(I) ARE IN ORDER
                                                                                                                                                                                T.YOBS(I) INTERCHANGE THEM OBS(I)) GO TO 7100
NCHISQB, CSQAXB)
                                                                                                 ER OBSERVATIONS IN YORS VECTOR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        I) = 1 5 1 1 NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       = 7, 12
) LT, XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1 13 18 NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   = 10,24
LT, XMED) NBSUM = NBSUM+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        YORS (36) +YOBS (37)) /2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                = NRSUM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             NBSUM
                                                                                     9950
```

```
17 = 7 FMULT # (NB(1,1)-3) **2+(NB(1,2)-3) **2+(NB(1,3)-3) **2+(NB(1,3)-3) **2+(NB(1,3)-3) **2+(NB(2,3)-3) **2+(NB(2,3)-3) **2+(NB(2,3)-3) **2+(NB(2,3)-3) **2+(NB(2,3)-3) **2+(NB(3,4)-3) **2+(NB(3,4)-3) **2+(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-3) **2-(NB(3,4)-NACOR) **2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              *4.0()/72.0
284)
11 * ((18FD1-NBCOR)**2+(NBFD2-NBCOR)**2+(NBFD3-NBCOR)**2
2)**2)
OMPUTATIONS FOR CHISQUARE TESTS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              CLIXI (ABPOI - NOCEA)
(2)**2)
[SQT-CHISQA-CHISQB
```

#### COMPUTER PROGRAM 7: SKEWED #2 HISTOGRAM

```
22,23,24,25,25,25,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41
                                                 = N6GX(I)
```

```
10RCU)/N+((SUMNRM**2)*6.0*SNORSQ)/(N*
11x43)+(SUMNRM**4)/(N**3))/(N-1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         11/(N - 1)
OFSQ1/N+((SUMNRM*#2)*3.0*SUMNRM)/(N*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     NEGX(18)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          = NECX(19)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               = NBCX(20)
                                                                                                                                                                = NBOX(13)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  NEOX(17)
                                                                                                                                            = NECX(12)
                                                                                                                                                                                    NE CX (14)
                                                                                                                                                                                                        = NBOX(15)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             NEOX(16)
                                                                                                    NEGX ( TO )
                                                                                                                       = NSOX (11)
                  = NECX(6)
                                                                                NGCX ( 6 )
                                       = NBUX(7)
                                                           = NECX(8)
= NBOX(5)
```

-E(6,9500) YMOM3, YMOM4

O FCRMAT(1H,2F25.5)
WRITE(6,96CC) SBETAL,BETAL,BETAZ
C FCRMAT(1H,3F15.5)
CC 4CCC J = 1,72
WRITE(6,350C) J,YNORM(J)
C FCRMAT(1H,12,10%,F15.5)
C CCNTINUE

```
-A1-A2-81-82-83+4811+A812+A813+A821+A822+A823+YNORM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        FUR CELL 8

= 43,48

= YMEAN+A2-B1-B2-B3-AB21-AB22-AB23+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                         = YNEAN+A1-B1-B2-B3-AB11-AB12-AB13+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      FOR CELL 9

= 49,54

= YMEAN-A1-A2+B1-AB11-AB21+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  . FOR CELL 10
K = 55+60
= YNEAN-A1-A2+B2-AB12-A322+YNGRM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1,65
AN-A1-A2+B3-AB13-A523+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | LELL | 5
| = 31,36
|= Y1,EAN+A2+B2+AB22+YNORH(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            CELL 7
42
.acAN+A2+B3+AB23+YNDRH(K)
                                          246+41+82+AB12+YNOR%(K)
                                                                                                                                                                  5
3.35
3.4.42+81+A821+YNORH(K)
= YMEAN÷A1+B1+AB11+YNOR™(K)
                                                                                     13,18
YMEAN+A1+83+AB13+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                1000 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1100
          31
                                                        200
                                                                                                     300
                                                                                                                                                                                                  500
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             700
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           800
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          006
```

```
COMPARE AND TOTAL FOR POWER CALCULATION.

IFFFA.6E .2 - 76) NPASUM = NPASUM+1

IFFFAXB.6E .2 - 25) NPXSUM = NPXSUM+1

IFFFAXB.6E .2 - 25) NPXSUM = NPXSUM+1

IFFFAXB.6E .2 - 25) NPXSUM = NPSUM+1

IFFFAXB.6E .2 - 25) NPXSUM = NPASUM+1

IFFFAXB.6E .2 - 25) NPASUM = NPASUM+1

IFFFAXB.6E .2 - 25) NPASUM = NPASUM+1

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

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XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 - 07 (1 - 0 *N)

XPOWX = NPASUM*1 -
```

## COMPUTER PROGRAM 9: LEPTOKURTIC #4 HISTOGRAM

```
XM1/(AA#SQRT(PIE)#GAMMA(XM-0.51)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               GC TO 320
GC TO 315
                                                                                                                        1.ec
```

```
d (22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41
                                                     -CYCRD(J-1)
                                                                                      = XVAL(J)-CCR
F(JX.EQ.1) GO TO 310
                                                                                                                                                                                                   = NBUX(1) +
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            = NBOX(10)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               = NEGX(9)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                = NECX (8)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                = NBOX(2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     = N90X(6)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   = NBOX (7)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             = NBCX(3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          = NBUX(4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        = N&OX(5)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  27
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  28
                   315
                                              64
64
65
65
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          9
                                                                                                     325
```

```
1)
//+((SUMNRM**2)*3.0*SUMNRM)/(N*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ETA1, BETA1, BETA2
                                                                                                                                      = NEOX(23) +
                                                                                                         N30X(18)
                                                                                        NEOX (17)
                                                                                                                       = NEOX(19)
                                                                          NE OX (16)
                                                            NE OX (15)
                            NE (13)
                                            = N30x(14)
= NBOX(11)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       9600
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       3265
```

```
ALOG(1+(:VAL(I)**2/AASQ)))
(AA*SQRT(PIE) "GAMMA(XM-0.5))
```

```
4N-41-A2-81-82-83+A811+A812+A813+A821+A822+A823+YNORM
),24
:AN+A1-B1-B2-B3-Adi:-AB12-AB13+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                = YHEAN+A2-81 82-83-A521-A822-A823+YNOPM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   K = 55,65 = YMEAG-A1-A2+B2-AB12-4522+YNJRM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      X = 51, 60
= YMEAN-A1-A2+B3-AB13-4B2: YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         CALCULATION.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               K-41-A2+81-A811-/321+YNORM(K)
                                 LL 5
-55,30
EAN+A2+81+AB21+1W0RH(K)
                                                                                                   N+A2+B2+ CB22+YNDRM(K)
                                                                                                                                                   N+A2+B3+AB23+YNOPN(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 YOBS
CONT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               1100
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           006
                                                                                                                 609
                                                                                                                                                              700
                                                                                                                                                                                                           800
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 1200
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   3200
                                                                  200
```

```
XPOWS = NPBSUG#1.0/(1.0#NN)
XPOWX = NPXSUG#1.0/(1.0#NN)
YPOWAW = MPASUG#1.0/(1.0#NN)
XPOWXW = MCXSUG#1.0/(1.0#NN)
XPOWXW = MCXGUG#1.0/(1.0#NN)
XPOWXW = MCXGUG#1.
```

## COMPUTER PROGRAM 11: PLATYKURTIC #4 HISTOGRAM

```
C-(XVAL(I)**2/AASQ)))
1415927

AMMA(XM+1.5)/(AA*SQRT(FIE)*GAMMA(XM+1.5))

= -5.38

= -2.1 CF

= -2.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  J = (Jh1+JL)//
IF(R.E0.CYDRD(J)) GO TO 320
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       105
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              163
```

```
22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41
YCRD(J)) GG TC 315
                                                                       60 TO 305
                        GO TO 310
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  = AECX(6)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        = NEUX(3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 = NGDX(4)
```

```
2/N))/(N - 1)
*SNO SSO)/N+((SUMNRM**2)*3.0*SUMNRM)/(N*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ACU)/N+((SUMNRM**2)*6.0*SNORSQ)/(N***3)+(SUMNRM**4)/(N**3))/(N-1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ETA1, DETA1, BETA2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               YMGM3,YMCW4
5.5)
5.51,bETA1
                                                                                                                                                 161)XD8N
                                                                                                                                                                 NBOX(20)
                                                                                                                                NB OX (18)
                                                                                                 NBOX(16)
                                                NBOX(13)
                                                                NBCX (14)
                                                                                NBCX(15)
                               NBCX (12)
                                                                                                                NBOX(17)
= NBOX(10)
               NB DX (11)
                                                                           NSOX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 25CJ
3CGG
95GG
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         2096
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  3500
```

## COMPUTER PROGRAM 12: PLATYKURTIC #4 POWER W/O SUBROUTINES

```
), SDNJRM(100), XVAL(130), YORD(130), CYORD(), NBGX(20), YNORCU(130), YNORFR(130)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             415927
(MAD (XM+1.5)/(AA*SQRT(FIE)*GAMMA(XM+1.0))
```

```
1-A1-A2-81-B2-B3+1811+AB12+AB13+AB21+AB22+AB23+YNORM
                                                                                                                                                                                                       FOR CELL 8
= 43,48
: YMEAN+A2-B1-B2-B3-AB21-AB22-AB23+YNORM(K)
-B1-82-83-A811-A812-AB13+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              OR CELL 9
4954
YME&W-A1-A2+B1-AB11-A521+YNGRM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            CALCULATIONS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    MEAN-41-42+92-AB12-AB22+YNORM(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |-- 41 - 42 + B3 - 4B13 - 4B23 + YNORM (K)
                                                                                                                 YMEAN+ A2 + B2+ AB22 +YNOR V (K)
                                                                                                                                                                        YME AN + A2 + B3 + AB23 + YNDRN (K)
                                                        YPEAN+A2+B1+AB21+YNORF(K)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          2001
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                2115
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  33
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           005
                                                                                                                                  ون.
```

```
1600 CONTINUE NPSCUM*I.0/(1.0%NN)
XPOWE = NPSCUM*II.0/(1.0%NN)
XPOWE = NPSCUM*II.0/(1.0%NN
```

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